Research Group of Forest Ecophysiology

[Goal]
Analysis and understanding of the photosynthetic capacity of woody plants in changing environment, such as elevated CO₂ and increase in nitrogen deposition, in order to conserve forest ecosystem and to rehabilitate the degraded forests after the overuse by human activities.

A view of plantation of Sakhalin spruce after forest fires for four times from early 1900’s at Teshio Exp. Forest, the northernmost university forest in Japan where serpentine soil is dominated. We had been planting about a half million seedlings with aid of Japan Ministry of Education, Science & Culture. However, harsh environment prevents its quick recovery in vegetation.

[Current topics]
1. Photosynthesis and functional anatomy in relation to forest succession under the condition of global warming and soil acidification.

FACE experiment has been carried out with FSC staff and graduate students. We predict the change in stand structure composed of 11 deciduous tree species raised in the atmospheric CO₂ of 500ppm in FCAE (Free Air CO₂ Enrichment) with two soil types (volcanic ash vs. brown forest soil). This is the only one FACE system for forest stands in Asia.

> We start the second phase of FACE experiments with the member of Prof. K. Sasa of Field Science Centre for Northern Biosphere of Hokkaido University. We are planning following topics:

1) Aerobic CH₄ efflux from tree species at elevated CO₂
2) Nitrogen allocation of hybrid larch F1 at elevated CO₂ and nitrogen levels.
3) Regeneration activities of deciduous broadleaf trees at elevated CO₂ simulated to conservation of SATOYAMA
4) Plant defense of deciduous broadleaf trees at elevated CO₂
5) Soil respiration characteristics after intensive disturbances.
6) Effect of elevated CO₂ on the growth of bio-fuel tree species
2. Analysis of allocation of photosynthates and growth characteristics (defense, symbiosis with ectomycorrhiza, propagation) of woody plants.

3. Wood formation as affected by global environmental changes

Xylem formation in beech (*Fagus crenata*) seedlings raised under elevated CO₂ and ambient CO₂. With iodine-starch method, we can see extra-accumulation starch in xylem parenchyma of seedlings at high CO₂ as compared with that at ambient CO₂.

(Kawagishi & Funada Unpublished data)

Collaborate with Prof. R. Funada & his group.

4. Combination effects of O₃ and CO₂ on the growth of representative tree species

Recently, the atmospheric ozone (O₃) concentration usually reaches 60~120ppb in the mountain regions in Hokkaido. With this condition, mountain birch (*Betula ermanii*) shows declining symptoms. Thus, we started the effect of elevated CO₂ & O₃ on the growth of representative tree species.

-Research methods-
Ecophysiological analysis on the environmental stresses on the growth and development of woody species. (Photosynthesis and allocation of photosynthates)
[Staff]
Takayoshi KOIKE Professor of Forest Ecophysiology,

Hokkaido University, Research Faculty of Agriculture
(Laboratory of Silviculture and Forest Ecology Studies)
Course in Environmental Resources, Graduate School of Agriculture,

-Membership-

-Editorial Boards-

Proofreading is mainly connected with the SCITEXT in U.K. http://www.scitext.com/.

-Awards-
- Academic Award of the Japanese Forest Society in 2006,
- Academic Contribution Award to the Japanese Forest Technology Association in 2006,
- Contribution Award of International Congress on Air Pollution and Global Changes in 2004,
- Education Award for the Outstanding Chinese Students in 2004

[Members of the group]
-Post Doctoral Fellow-

> JSPS research fellow:
Dr. Makoto WATANABE (From Prof. T.Izuta's Lab. of Environmental Botany at Tokyo University of Agr. & Tech.):
---- Research topics: Environmental botany of plant species as affected by O₃ and acid rain, Aerobic CH₄ emission of woody species grown in FACE (Free Air CO₂ Enrichment),

> Adjunct Researchers
Dr. Makoto KOBAYASHI (From Grad. School of Agr., Hokkaido University)
-----Research topics: Plant-soil environment, especially fire disturbance on the growth of woody species. (PD Climate Impact Research Center, Umea University, Sweden)
Dr. Yoko WATANABA (From Grad. School of Agr., Hokkaido University)
-----Research topics: Wood anatomy in histochemistry for analysis on biological interactions, for identification of treasure trove in conservation of historic and artistics. (PD at FSC of Hokkaido University)

Dr. Eguchi Norikazu:
-----Research topics: The effect of elevated CO₂ concentration on the hydraulic characteristics of representative deciduous tree species and their xylem structure with FACE.
-Graduate Students (research topics in 2010)-
>at Graduate School of Agriculture

D3: KIM YongSuk (Forest soil and analysis on the emission of CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O)
   JSPS research Fellow DC2
D2 (G-COE) Eka NOVRIYANTI (Plant defense in tropical tree species)
D1(CSC program) MAO Qiaozhi (Physiological ecology of hybrid larch)
M2: Chihho AOYAMA (Plant-insect interaction of oak and beech saplings in relation to
   induced defense)
M2: Masakazu IMORI (Growth analysis of larch hybrid)
M1: Kaori SATO (Physiological ecology of forest succession after forest fire)
M1 :Naoki Suetsugu (Soil animal ecology, Collembola)
M1: Shumpei TATSUDA (O₃ effect on birch growth)

On going research projects:
Sponsored by Japan Society of Promotion of Science (JSPS)
   1) Carbon allocation of woody species grown in FACE and estimation of CO₂ efflux
      (2008~2011 March: Type B)
   2) Parameterization of the growth and xylem formation of woody plants grown under
      FACE system (2009~2014 March: Innovation Research)

Past Projects related to Forest Ecophysiology under changing environment

>Sponsored by Ministry of Education (MEXT)
   1) FACE (Free Air CO₂ Enrichment) experiment for mixed broadleaved tree species.
      Research Revolution 2002 (partnership between nature and humanity) Prediction of
      ecophysiological parameters for estimating of carbon budget of the terrestrial ecosystem
      (2002-2007 March)
   2) Measurement of transpiration of deciduous broadleaved trees raised under elevated
      CO₂ with a FACE (2004-2006 March)
   1) Prediction of forest dynamics and sustainability of mixed conifer-broadleaf forests based
      on a FACE study (2005-2008 March; Type A)
   3) Histochemistry of plant defense chemicals in leaves at FACE (2006-2008 March)

Sponsored by Ministry of Environment
      March)

Sponsored by the Sumitomo Foundation
   1) Shift in light compensation point of deciduous broad-leaved trees under
      elevated CO₂ with FACE -Examination for Oikawa’s prediction-(2007-2008 October)
>Sponsored by Ministry of Environment
   1) Ecophysiological studies on matter flow in a larch ecosystem. (S1: Study on carbon

[Again: Lectures by T.Koike]
-Lectures for Master students-
>at Graduate School of Agriculture
Past Part-time teacher:
Ecophysiology of woody species (at Tokyo Univ. of A&T), 2001~
Tree physiology (at The Univ. of Tokyo), 1996-2005
Ecology (Forest Ecology) (at The Univ. of Tsukuba) 1998-2004
Advanced course in Forest Bio-resources (at Mie University) 1996-2003
Advanced course in Biology (at Hokkaido Univ. of Education) in 2001

Lectures for Undergraduate student-
Silviculture and Forest Ecology, Forest Protection, Forest Space and Function and its Seminar,
Forest Aesthetics, Forest Ecology for Regeneration, Environmental Chemistry
Introduction to Field Science (Hokkaido University),
English training course (Forest Science)

For overseas student:
(HUSTEP; Short term course of overseas students in Hokkaido University),
1) Environmental Science of Biological Resources
2) An Introduction to Field Science (HUSTEP)

Part-time teacher:
Advanced in Silviculture (at Nagoya University) in 2009
Plant physiology (at Rakuno Gakuen University) in 2009, 2010
Forest ecophysiology (at Kyoto University) in 2008
Tree Ecophysiology (at Tokyo Univ. of Agr. & Tech.) in 2008~
Forest resources biology (at Kyoto University) in 2008
Environmental Biology (at Kyushu University) in 2007
Plant Physiological Ecology (at Tokyo Univ. of Agriculture & Technology) until 2006
Environmental Resources (at Tokyo Univ. of Agriculture & Technology) in 2007

[Members of the group]

>PDF or PhD course, RONPAK Dr
Dr. Tomoaki ICHIE (Associate Professor of Department of Forest Science, Kochi University;
    Tropical ecology, reproduction of woody species; Graduate School of Science, Kyoto
    University; JSPS fellow)
Dr. Ali M. QUORESHI (Researcher of Symbiotec. Alberta, Canada; Department
    of Forestry, University of Toronto, Canada; JSPS fellow)
Dr. Takami SATOMURA (From Grad. School of Integrated Arts and Science,
    Hiroshima University)----Research topics: Functional root ecology under changing
    environment

Present address: T. Kobayashi’s Lab. (Plant Ecology), Faculty of Agriculture, Kagawa
    University, Takamatsu-City, Kagawa Prefecture, Japan

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Dr. Takatoshi NAKAMURA (Lecturer of Department of Plant Production Science, Tokyo
    University of Agriculture; Environmental Conservation in wetlands)
Dr. Masazumi KAYAMA (Researcher at Kyushu Research Center, Forestry & Forest Products Research Institute; Tree Ecophysiology in nutrient ecology, Symbiotic micro-organisms)
Dr. Sawako MATSUKI (Lecturer of Department of Forest Science, Iwate University; Plant defense of woody plants especially in Betulaceae)
Dr. QU Laiye (Associate Professor of Eco-Environmental Research Center, Chinese Academy of Science, Beijing; Rhizosphere physiology in forest rehabilitation with special references to the existence of charcoal -- ectomycorrhizal ecology. (from China)
Dr. WANG Wenjie (Associate Professor of Key Lab. of Forest Plant Ecology, Northeast Forestry University at Harbin, China; Production ecology, Respiration)
Dr. Mahoko NOGUCHI (Researcher at Shikoku Research Center, Forestry & Forest Products Research Institute; Forest ecology in vegetation science)
Dr. CHOI Dongsu (Associate Professor of Tokyo University of Agriculture & Technology; Soil acidification and CO₂ enrichment affecting growth of pine trees and symbiotic microorganisms in Korea and Japan. (from Korea)
Dr. Yoshinori KITAHASHI (Researcher at Forest Products Research Institute of Hokkaido Government; Water relations in broadleaved trees in tropical regions and in shade trees in metropolis)
Dr. JI Donghun (c/o Prof. Yi Myonjong, School of Forest Environment, Kangwon National University, Chungchon, Korea)
Dr. Norikazu EGUCHI (researcher at Prof. K. Sasa, FSC of Hokkaido University, FACE study in deciduous trees native to northern Japan with special references to soil fertility; wood formation)

[Graduated students]

>Master course
Mrs. Yuko YANAGIHARA (Effect of soil types and vegetation changes on soil respiration in larch plantations)
Mr. Satoshi KITAOKA (Seasonal changes of light utilization capacity in deciduous broad-leaved tree seedlings invaded into a larch plantation)
Ms. Machiko OOISHI (Photosynthetic characteristics of spruce species grown at different soil conditions)
Mr. Yoshinori KITAHASHI (Physiological and morphological adaptation of broad-leaved trees with two different height positions of the same sunny crown)
Ms. Yuko SAKUMA (Anatomical structure and physiological traits of heterophyllous needles of Japanese larch (Larix kaempferi))
Ms. Ikuko ENDO (Growth and survival of three species of Betulaceae seedlings in the large disturbed area.)
Mr. Takanori SHIBATA (Plant defense in seral tree species grown under elevated CO₂)
Mr. Takeshi HIDA (Change in the light compensation point of deciduous broad-leaved tree saplings grown under elevated CO₂)
Mr. Makoto KOBAYASHI (of nitrogen supply on the growth and photosynthetic responses of seedlings of Pinus koraiensis grown under different light conditions)
Ms. Yuka OTSUKA (The Localization of Defense Chemicals in Leaves of Beech and Oak)
Ms. Noriko MORII (Water relations of deciduous broad-leaved tree saplings to elevated CO₂ in a Free Air CO₂ Enrichment(FACE))
Mr. Kazuki Karatsu (Photosynthetic responses of birch and alder grown under elevated CO₂)
Mr. Katsukiho MATSUI (Decomposition processes in FACE system and Spruce plantation with special references to soil macro-organisms)
Mr. Tokihisa AGARI (Plant defense in alder species under changing environment)

> Bachelor course
Mr. Takuma Shibutani (Nitrogen allocation in deciduous broadleaved trees)
Mr. Tomoharu Abe (Plant defense in deciduous broadleaved trees)
UG: Yuki ISHII (Photosynthesis and methane emission) on leave from Tokai University in Hokkaido, Fac. Engineering. (Life science technology.)
Ms. Sachie Naiki (Community ecology on the decomposition processes with references to leaf litter production by pruning in spruce plantation.)
M1 Kohta KATO (Photosynthesis of deciduous broad-leaved trees grown in FACE) on leave from the Department of Bio-technology of Tokai University

[Previous engaged staff of the group]
Dr. Oxana MASYAGINA
Associate Professor of Forest Ecophysiology Laboratory,
(Doctor, Russian Academy of Science)
Engagement period: 2004 (July- Sept.), 2005 (June to Nov.).
Specialty: Ecophysiology of forest soil and rhizosphere environment,
On leave from V.N. Sukachev Forest Research Institute, Krasnoyarsk, Russia English

Dr. Olga A. ZYRYANOVA
Professor of Forest Ecology & Vegetation Science,
(Doctor, Russian Academy of Science)
Specialty: Vegetation science in permafrost region
On leave from V.N. Sukachev Forest Research Institute, Krasnoyarsk, Russia

[Publications of Koike, T.] in details are referred to HP

-Selected articles by Koike, T.-

-Chapter contributions of books (in English)-


[Cooperative research groups]
1. Forest environment and Function group of Hokkaido University Forests
2. Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute (Hokkaido & Tsukuba)
3. Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology (Plant Stress Physiology Lab., Wood formation regulation Lab.)
4. Center of Ecological Studies, Kyoto University (Prof. T. Ohgushi Lab.)
5. Graduate School of Life Science, Tohoku University (Prof. T. Nakashizuka Lab.)
6. Forest Resources Lab., Ehime University (Prof. I. Ninomiya La.)
7. National Institute of Industry (Dr. N. Saigusa)
8. Lab. of Forest Botany, Graduate School of Agriculture and Life Science, The University of Tokyo (Forest Pathology)